

Problem K. Vision Test

Input file: standard input
Output file: standard output
Time limit: 3 seconds
Memory limit: 1024 megabytes

Prof. Pang has an extraordinary vision. He can see the pixels on a 4K monitor. To test Prof. Pang's vision, Prof. Shou will show Prof. Pang several pixels and let Prof. Pang guess a straight line that contains these pixels. Given k pixels with coordinates (i, y_i) ($0 \leq i < k$), Prof. Pang must find nonnegative integers a, b and c (which represent the line $y = \frac{ax+b}{c}$) such that $y_i = \lfloor \frac{ai+b}{c} \rfloor$ for all $0 \leq i < k$.

Prof. Shou will ask Prof. Pang multiple questions. They are given as follows: Prof. Shou has a fixed array x_1, \dots, x_n . For each question, Prof. Shou chooses a range in the array, x_l, \dots, x_r . Then he defines $y_i = x_{l+i}$ for $0 \leq i \leq r-l$ and asks Prof. Pang to answer the question for the $r-l+1$ pixels $(0, y_0), \dots, (r-l, y_{r-l})$.

Please help Prof. Pang answer all the questions. For each question, output the answer with the **minimum** (c, a, b) in lexical order.

It is guaranteed that the answer exists when Prof. Pang chooses the whole array x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n . So the answer always exists when Prof. Pang chooses an interval of this array.

Input

The first line contains a single integer T ($1 \leq T \leq 10^5$) denoting the number of test cases.

For each test case, the first line contains an integer n ($1 \leq n \leq 10^5$). The second line contains n numbers x_1, \dots, x_n ($0 \leq x_i \leq 10^9$).

The next line contains an integer q ($1 \leq q \leq 10^5$) denoting the number of questions.

Each of the following q lines contains two integers l, r ($1 \leq l \leq r \leq n$).

It is guaranteed that the sum of n over all test cases will not exceed 10^5 and that the sum of q over all test cases will not exceed 10^5 .

Output

In the order of input, output one line with three integers a, b, c denoting the answer for each question.

Example

standard input	standard output
3	1 4 3
5	0 1 1
1 1 2 2 2	0 2 1
4	1 1 1
1 5	5 4 4
1 1	1 2 1
3 5	3 6 2
2 3	5 1 2
5	
1 2 3 4 6	
3	
1 5	
2 4	
3 5	
3	
0 3 5	
1	
1 3	