

K – Multiset Variance

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Memory limit: 1024 MB

Time limit: 2 s

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We have n multisets of integers. We create a nonempty multiset by taking each multiset from the input in whole arbitrarily many times (possibly 0 times).

For example, from input multisets $\{1, 3\}$, $\{1, 2, 2, 3\}$, $\{3, 5\}$, we can create a multiset $M = \{1, 3, 1, 3, 1, 2, 2, 3\}$ by taking the first one twice, the second one once, and not taking the third one.

What is the minimum and maximum variance of a multiset that we can achieve?

Recall that the mean $E(X)$ and variance $\text{Var}(X)$ of a multiset $X = \{x_1, x_2, \dots, x_k\}$ are defined as follows:

$$E(X) = \frac{1}{k} \sum_{i=1}^k x_i, \quad \text{Var}(X) = \frac{1}{k} \sum_{i=1}^k (x_i - E(X))^2.$$

For instance, the mean and variance of the above multiset M are:

$$E(M) = \frac{1}{8}(1 + 3 + 1 + 3 + 1 + 2 + 2 + 3) = \frac{16}{8} = 2,$$
$$\text{Var}(M) = \frac{1}{8}((-1)^2 + 1^2 + (-1)^2 + 1^2 + (-1)^2 + 0^2 + 0^2 + 1^2) = \frac{6}{8} = \frac{3}{4}.$$

Input

The first line of the input contains one integer t ($1 \leq t \leq 1000$), denoting the number of test cases.

Each test case starts with a line containing one integer n ($1 \leq n \leq 10^5$), denoting the number of multisets.

The next n lines describe the multisets. Each line starts with an integer k ($1 \leq k \leq 10$) denoting the size of the multiset, followed by a sequence of k integers from the range $[-2 \cdot 10^5, 2 \cdot 10^5]$ representing the elements of the multiset.

The sum of the sizes of all multisets over all test cases does not exceed 10^6 .

Output

Output exactly t lines containing answers to subsequent test cases.

The answer consists of two real numbers separated by a space, the minimum and maximum variance. The allowable relative or absolute error is 10^{-11} . That is, if you output S and the correct exact result is R , then it must hold that $|S - R| \leq 10^{-11} \cdot \max(1, R)$. You may print at most 20 digits after the decimal point.

It can be shown that there is always a solution that achieves the minimum variance and a solution that achieves the maximum variance.

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Example

For the input data:

```
3
3
2 1 3
4 1 2 2 3
2 3 5
2
3 -3 0 0
3 -2 -2 1
2
2 1 3
1 5
```

a correct result is:

```
0.5 2
2 2
0 2.7777777777778
```

Explanation: In the first test case, the minimum variance (equal to $\frac{1}{2}$) is achieved for the multiset $\{1, 2, 2, 3\}$, and the maximum (equal to 2) for the multiset $\{1, 3, 3, 5\}$.

In the second test case, both minimum and maximum variance (equal to 2) is obtained for the multiset $\{-3, 0, 0, -2, -2, 1\}$.

In the third test case, the minimum variance (equal to 0) is achieved for the multiset $\{5\}$, and the maximum (equal to $\frac{25}{9}$) for the multiset $\{1, 3, 1, 3, 1, 3, 1, 3, 1, 3, 1, 3, 1, 3, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5\}$.