

E – Evaluation

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Memory limit: 1024 MB

Time limit: 1 s

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We have a string consisting of n non-zero digits. We can produce an expression by inserting at most one of the characters $+$ (plus) or \cdot (multiply) between any two consecutive digits. For instance, from the string “231” we can produce nine expressions:

$$231, \quad 23 + 1, \quad 23 \cdot 1, \quad 2 + 31, \quad 2 \cdot 31, \quad 2 + 3 + 1, \quad 2 + 3 \cdot 1, \quad 2 \cdot 3 + 1, \quad 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 1.$$

We evaluate these expressions with the standard order of operations, and calculate the sum of all values. For our example we get

$$231 + 24 + 23 + 33 + 62 + 6 + 5 + 7 + 6 = 397.$$

Calculate the above sum modulo $10^9 + 7$.

Input

The first line of the input contains one integer n ($1 \leq n \leq 10^6$), denoting the length of the string. The second line contains a string of length n consisting of digits 1–9.

Output

Output one integer, the sum of all expressions modulo $10^9 + 7$.

Example

For the input data:

3
231

the correct result is:

397